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## LOUISVILLE WEEKLY COURIER.

VOL. 20. WHOLE NO 1,018.

LOUISVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1866.

NEW SERIES NO. 18.

## WEEKLY COURIER.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 4, 1866

The Courier of Kentucky and the

Our editor of the Courier pretends not to understand our real position, and we now assure him, as we have repeatedly done before, that we are not in any way connected with the present movement of the Buchanan-Kalina "Confederacy." We are neither to attack nor oppose the Free State. Our State would only see and acknowledge him as an anti-slavery representative of the South, and we at once appreciate to it. We have never called the "whole South" a "rebel" party, or the State, "rebel," nor "secessionists."

The whole South is acting very clearly, and we are willing to make the judgment upon it. We stand on the side of the South. We do not mislead the Journal's position. The pretense that when it attacks what it calls the Buchanan-Kalina "Confederacy," it is not in any way connected with the present movement of the Buchanan-Kalina "Confederacy," is a mere pretense to attack or oppose the true friends of Kentucky, or of any other State. Our State would only see and acknowledge him as an anti-slavery representative of the South, and we at once appreciate to it. We have never called the "whole South" a "rebel" party, or the State, "rebel," nor "secessionists."

The Civil Rights Bill.

The important bill, introduced by both friends of the President, and a few in

opposition to him, is to be introduced

into the Senate, and to be voted on

in the



# TELEGRAPHIC.

## SPECIAL DISPATCHES

TO THE  
LOUISVILLE COURIER.

### FROM WASHINGTON.

The Slave Rights Bill Will Pass—Bill to Free Negroes—No More Rations to the Freedoms of Washington—Criminals Pardoned—Interest to Tennesseans—The Brook's Contested Seat—Resignation of Gov. Johnson—

Special Dispatch to the Louisville Courier.

WASHINGTON, March 21.

A new and very careful canvass has been

made to-day over the counting vote in the

Senate on the Civil Rights bill, and the re-

sult indicates that it will be passed over the

President's pocket.

The calculations made yesterday that

Senator Wright, of New Jersey, and Senator

Johnson, of Connecticut, would be present,

have been abandoned to-day.

On personal inquiries as to their condi-

tion, the physicians of both declare that it

was impossible for them to be

present next week.

The vote will probably be taken on Tues-

day, and as it now stands not more than

eleven votes can be obtained in favor of

passing the vote, while seventeen are re-

quired.

The Senate Finance Committee had a

meeting this morning, and agreed to report

the bill to the Senate.

As soon as the bill is reported, it will

be referred to the Committee on the

Senate.

The President is granting but very few

pardons now. Three criminals were par-

doned by him to-day; among whom was

Jesus Simeon, convicted on three indict-

ments for smuggling in the U. S. District

Court of the State of Michigan, and sen-

tenced to life imprisonment.

He is to be imprisoned until the date

should be paid. Simeon has been in con-

finement since June, 1865.

Official reports received by the Bureau

of Refugees, for the month of March, by the

U. S. Bureau of Refugees, show that 1,400

refugees were sent to their homes in

February and 1,400 in March.

The number of destitute refugees and

those who have been supported by the Gov-

ernment has increased, as anticipated, near-

ly one hundred per cent. since the month

of January.

The Treasury of the Confederacy has with-

drawn the permission granted to manufacture old and damaged tobacco,

with the payment of duties only upon the

increased weight.

The case of Mrs. Jas. Brooks, of New

York, who sued in the House of Repre-

sentatives, is contested by Mr. Dodge, will,

it is said, be brought up on Monday in that

body, when a spirited trial may be ex-

pected.

The War Department has accepted the

resignation of Major General G. M. Dodge,

United States volunteers, to take effect on

the 30th of May, 1866.

### FROM NASHVILLE.

For Members of the Legislature—Conservative—Victory—A

Reign of a Ruler and Churchman—Ar-

rest of a Murderer—Crop Dam-

aged—Dispute to the Louisville Courier.

NASHVILLE, March 21.

The election of members of the Legisla-

ture, as far as in, are largely in favor

of the success of Lewis over Birkin.

Such result is an indication of the

course pursued by Birkin in resigning to

prevent the passage of the new Franklin

Bank Bill.

The probabilities are that nearly all the

remaining members throughout the State

have been re-elected.

The Radicals express themselves deter-

mined to prevent the re-admission of any

member of the Legislature.

About one o'clock this forenoon, T. R. Spur, who keeps a small store on Broad

Street, in his door, was attacked by

the police, who beat him until he

was unconscious.

The negro will probably be sent to the

penitentiary.

The Atchison and Topeka's Peak Rail-

road, which had three locomotives, and the

road will be pushed westward rapidly with

unrestored forces. It is expected to reach

the Rio Grande.

WICHITA, April 1.

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WICHITA, April 1.

A man named Edward Purcell, a

native of Connecticut, was born in the

13th Ward, was murdered last

night by two unknown men, one of whom

shot him through the abdomen, causing

death.

The two men were at home in the

13th Ward.

The city election takes place to-morrow.

The interest of the colored negroes on the

candidates for Council and the question

of the negroes to be operated by the

city.

WICHITA, April 1.

A Negro Attempts to Kill Gen. For-

rest and Gets Killed.

MEMPHIS, April 1.—A letter from a

native of Connecticut, who is a planter,

from Memphis on the 27th, has ar-

ived.

The Memphis Herald has organized a

committee to collect money for the

negroes.

The negroes have given himself to the Sheriff.

The negroes of the plantation justify

Gen. Forrest in killing the negro.

GEORGIA.

Board of Health of Savannah—

Death of Capt. Anderson.

NEW JERSEY.

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and the "Daily Courier."

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